

## Compact Vivaldi antipodal SIW antenna for GPR applications

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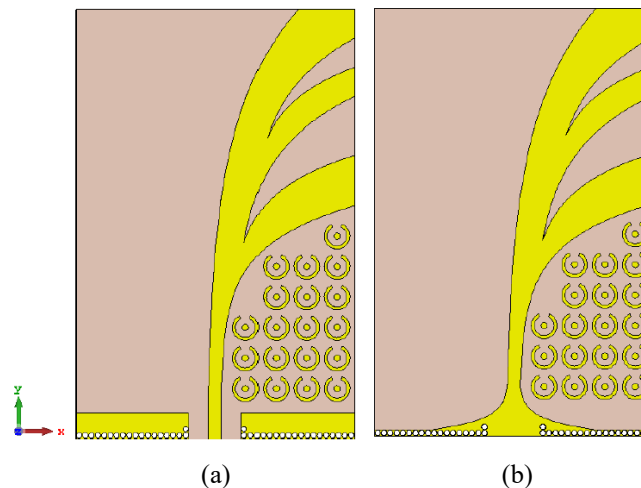
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In this work, an ultra-wideband compact Vivaldi antipodal SIW antenna is designed and optimized by employing a ring resonator based metamaterial. Its performances promise Ground-Penetrating Radar (GPR) applications.

Ultra-wideband (UWB) antennas find large use in microwave image processing as a non-invasive technique. Ground-penetrating radar (GPR) is one of the most common techniques for underground investigation [1]. Usually, microstrip technology is employed, since it is low cost and allows compact and low-profile devices. Vivaldi antennas provide a wideband and high gain [2], enabling a multi-depth/multi-material detection in GPR applications. In this work, a Vivaldi antipodal antenna is designed and optimized by varying its geometry and by adding i) a metamaterial region and ii) metalized vias as in Substrate Integrated Waveguide (SIW) technology [3–4]. The used substrate is Rogers Duroid RO4003C ( $\epsilon_r = 3.55$ ). The antenna is very compact, with dimensions  $73.71 \times 48 \times 1.07 \text{ mm}^3$ . Figure 1 shows the designed antenna using CST Microwave Studio.



**Figure 1.** Top (a) and bottom (b) view of the Vivaldi antipodal antenna designed with CST Microwave Studio.

The antenna operates in a very wide frequency band,  $f = 3 - 10 \text{ GHz}$ . As an example, the simulated antenna provides directivity  $D = 9.25 \text{ dB}$  and gain  $G = 8.95 \text{ dB}$  at  $f = 6.76 \text{ GHz}$ . The antenna prototype will be fabricated and characterized.

## References

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