SINGULAR INTEGRAL EQUATION FOR NON-STATIONARY PROBLEMS OF ELECTROMAGNETICS IN MATERIAL MEDIA

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In this report we consider the non-stationary electromagnetic problems. Assume that a medium filling bounded domain Q is characterized by the electric polarization vector $\vec{P} = \vec{P}(\vec{E}, x, t)$. Outside domain Q, the parameters of the medium are constant, i.e. $\boldsymbol{e}_0, \boldsymbol{m}_0$. It is necessary to determine the electromagnetic field excited in the medium by an external field with unstable time dependence. Using volume singular integral equations [1], that describe harmonic scattering problems from inhomogeneous dielectric bodies, and Fourier transformation techniques, we obtain the following singular integral equation for the above-mentioned problems

$$\vec{E}(x,t) = -\frac{1}{3\boldsymbol{e}_0}\vec{P}(x,t) - \boldsymbol{g}_1 \int_{Q} \frac{1}{R} \frac{\partial^2 \vec{P}(y,t)}{\partial r^2} dy + \boldsymbol{g}_1 \int_{Q} \frac{1}{R} \left(\frac{\partial^2 \vec{P}(y,t)}{\partial r^2}, gradR \right) gradR dy - g_2 \int_{Q} R \left(\frac{\partial \vec{P}(y,t)}{\partial t}, grad \right) grad \frac{1}{R} dy + \boldsymbol{g}_3 v. p. \int_{Q} \left(\vec{P}(y,t), grad) grad \frac{1}{R} dy \right) + \vec{E}_0(x,t) .$$

Here $\vec{E}^0(x,t)$ is the external electric field in free space; R = |x - y| is the distance between points $x = (x_1, x_2, x_3)$ and $y = (y_1, y_2, y_3)$; t = t - R/c; (*,*) denote the inner product of vectors; v.p. denote the singular integral, for which an infinitely small ball occupying the vicinity of the point y = x is extracted from the domain of integration; and $g_1 = 1/(4pe_0c^2)$, $g_2 = 1/(4pe_0c)$, $g_3 = 1/(4pe_0)$. Further, through use of time steps method, we show the effective way for numerical solution of integral equation.

REFERENCES

[1] A.B. Samokhin, "Integral equations and iteration methods in electromagnetic scattering", VSP, Utrecht, 2001.